## **Birklands French Scheme of Learning**



At Birklands, we aim to ensure that our children develop into well-rounded individuals who have developed ambitious subject knowledge within their language learning. The teaching of languages to early learners is now widely recognised as a significant contributory factor in improving literacy, building self-confidence and broadening cultural horizons. Through this scheme of learning, we will ensure that the learning is progressive, enabling children to build on their prior leaning and apply this learning to different contexts. This scheme of learning will be monitored through planning scrutinies, book dialogues and learning walks.

Our chosen scheme (PlanIt French) offers a carefully planned sequence of lessons, ensuring progressive coverage of the skills required by the national curriculum. It aims to foster children's curiosity and help deepen their understanding of the world. A linear curriculum has been chosen to allow opportunity for children to gradually build on their knowledge and skills. PlanIt French enables children to express their ideas and thoughts in French and provides opportunities to interact and communicate with others both in speech and in writing. At the heart of PlanIt French is the desire to expose children to authentic French, so the scheme offers regular opportunities to listen to native speakers.

In Lower KS2, children acquire basic skills and understanding of French with a strong emphasis placed on developing their Speaking and Listening skills. These will be embedded and further developed in Upper KS2, alongside Reading and Writing, gradually progressing onto more complex language concepts and greater learner autonomy.

	Getting to Know You	All About Me	Food Glorious Food	Family and Friends	Our School	Time
Year 3 Knowledge	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • say hello and goodbye • introduce themselves • say if they are feeling good/bad/so-so • count to 10 • say how old they are • use different greetings for different situations Ambitious Knowledge: • recognise there is a difference between formal and informal language	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • give and respond to simple classroom instructions appropriately • name parts of the body from a song • identify colours • name items of clothing Ambitious Knowledge: • say that un/une relate to masculine & feminine nouns	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • say what foods from a set they like/dislike • describe the colour or size of an object • ask politely for something • modify a colour adjective • respond appropriately to a polite request Ambitious Knowledge: • recognise the correct determiner depending on gender/number • select adjectives based on gender/number of nouns	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • identify and introduce some of their relations • name some common pets • recognise some rooms in their home • consider whether nouns are masculine or feminine • make new sentences by substituting other vocabulary appropriately Ambitious Knowledge: • use masculine/feminine articles and possessive pronouns	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • demonstrate understanding with actions • write sentences converting le/la to un/une Ambitious Knowledge: • from memory, begin to know if nouns from the topic are masculine or feminine	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • say and order the days of the week • say and order the months of the year • count on from 11- 31 • say their own birthday • recognise how some larger numbers are made by combining words for smaller numbers • ask other people for their birthday • say today's date • identify the correct language for 'yesterday' and 'tomorrow' Ambitious Knowledge: • use simple past and present tenses

Year 3 Skills					
Oracy	Literacy	Intercultural Understanding			
<ul> <li>Enjoy listening to and speaking in the language</li> <li>Listen and respond to familiar spoken words, phrases and sentences</li> <li>Communicate with others using simple words and phrases and short sentences</li> <li>Use correct pronunciation in spoken work</li> <li>Ask and answer simple questions for each topic area</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Recognise some familiar words and phrases in written form</li> <li>Read aloud in chorus, with confidence and enjoyment, from a known text</li> <li>Follow a story and join in the repeated parts</li> <li>Write some familiar simple words using a model</li> <li>Read and write some familiar words from memory</li> <li>Use a dictionary/the internet to develop topic vocabulary further</li> <li>Use vocabulary they have learnt elsewhere to develop their sentences</li> <li>Order sentences correctly</li> <li>Make a range of simple statements by substituting vocabulary</li> <li>Predict a repeated phrase</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Appreciate the diversity of languages spoken within their school</li> <li>Talk about the similarities and differences of social conventions between different cultures</li> <li>Identify the country or countries where the language is spoken</li> <li>Have some contact with the country/countries</li> <li>Recognise a children's song, rhyme or poem well-known to native speakers</li> </ul>			

 All Around Town	On the Move	Gone Shopping	Where in the World	What's the time?	Holidays and Hobbies
By the end of this unit children will know how to: • name some of the major cities of France • identify and say typical amenities to be found in French towns • say and order multiples of ten • ask and give a simple address in French • locate some of France's key cities • say in French what amenities or features are found in their own town • use multiples of ten and number operations to do simple calculations • describe (in English) some features of the major cities <b>Ambitious</b> <b>Knowledge:</b> • describe their own or a French city in terms of the	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • name some types of transport • use Je and Tu correctly in a simple sentence • respond to simple instructions for direction and movement • follow simple directions to find a place on a map • use the correct article to precede a noun according to gender • use 1st person, 2nd person (singular) and 3rd person of 'to go' accurately with the correct pronoun • give and respond to simple movement/direction instructions • give simple directions by substituting vocabulary as necessary	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • Take part in role play as a shopper/ shopkeeper, speaking in French • Greet and respond • Choose the correct form when changing le to du; la to de la and les to des • Use adjectives (colours) and place them after the noun Ambitious Knowledge: • Change adjectives to feminine when needed • Use the appropriate form for 'at' (au or à la)	By the end of this unit children will know how to: because a continent is always feminine the preposition 'en' is always used for 'in' • use the correct masculine/feminine preposition Ambitious Knowledge: • use pronouns to replace the name of an animal • combine two simple sentences to form a compound sentence	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock) • count in fives to at least 30 • understand and use the terms avant and après • answer questions about a TV schedule • say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock and half past) Ambitious Knowledge: • say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock, half past, quarter past and quarter to) • devise questions about a TV schedule	By the end of this unit children will know how to: • choose the correct preposition: en for feminine countries, au for masculine countries • choose whether the mode of transport needs en or à Ambitious Knowledge: • use third person plural conjugation of a verb • use the correct possessive adjective for a family member (ma, mon or mes)

Year 4 Knowledge

amenities found there • count with confidence to 100 and do simple calculations	<ul> <li>follow simple directions to find a place on a map</li> <li>Ambitious Knowledge:</li> <li>talk about types of transport in full sentences</li> <li>use correct subject/verb agreement for all parts of the verb 'to go'</li> <li>recognise and accurately say the phoneme /sh/ when they see the spelling pattern 'ch'</li> <li>give and respond to a sequence of movements</li> <li>give 2-step directions by substituting vocabulary as necessary</li> <li>follow 2-step direction instructions for finding places on a map</li> </ul>		

Year 4 Skills					
<ul> <li>Oracy</li> <li>Listen to and identify words and short phrases</li> <li>Listen and respond to topic vocabulary</li> <li>Answer questions using the topic vocabulary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Literacy</li> <li>Read familiar written phrases</li> <li>Follow a short text while listening and reading, saying some of the text</li> <li>Read a wider range of words, phrases and sentences aloud</li> <li>Write some familiar words and phrases</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Intercultural Understanding</li> <li>Talk about celebrations of which they have experience</li> <li>Compare aspects of everyday life at home and abroad</li> <li>Identify similarities in traditional stories</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Communicate by asking and answering a wider range of questions</li> <li>Memorise and present a short text</li> <li>Hold a short dialogue about a given topic</li> <li>Present ideas and information orally to a range of audiences</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>independently</li> <li>Write an answer in a sentence using the topic vocabulary</li> <li>Locate the correct part of a bilingual dictionary to translate from French-English or vice versa</li> <li>Suggest new words for a vocabulary set in French and find the translations in a bilingual dictionary</li> </ul>				

	Getting to Know	All About	That's Tasty	Family and Friends	School Life	Time Travelling
	You	Ourselves	By the end of this unit	By the end of this unit	By the end of this unit	By the end of this unit
	By the end of this unit	By the end of this unit	children will know how	children will know how	children will know how	children will know how
	children will know how	children will know how	to:	to:	to:	to:
	to:	to:	<ul> <li>take part in a role</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise rhyming</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use the pronouns</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>recognise number</li> </ul>
	• say a simple future	<ul> <li>name some parts</li> </ul>	play using the key	sounds	'il' and 'elle' to	words in spoken
	sentence	of the body	phrases studied	<ul> <li>use 1st person</li> </ul>	replace a person's	sentences
	<ul> <li>give an intention</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>give a simple</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>interpret a chart</li> </ul>	possessive adjectives	name	<ul> <li>say numbers</li> </ul>
	for the immediate	description of their	written in French	confidently and	• use a	larger than 100
	future	eyes and hair		recognise that third	comparative	<ul> <li>match the subject</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>use body</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>place the</li> </ul>	Ambitious	person is different	adverb	and verb for high-
	language or gesture	adjective correctly	Knowledge:	<ul> <li>introduce family</li> </ul>		frequency verbs
	to help understand	in a simple sentence	• use the correct	members	Ambitious	<ul> <li>recognise when</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>say how they are</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>use a small</li> </ul>	masculine, feminine	<ul> <li>say what sort of</li> </ul>	Knowledge:	someone is saying a
Ð	feeling	number of everyday	or plural form of	home they live in and	• use the pronouns	date
b b	<ul> <li>recognise the</li> </ul>	verbs in simple	adjectives	name items inside	'ils' and 'elles' to	• explain how larger
Knowledge	difference between	dialogues	• use the correct	• give a simple	replace two	numbers are often
≥	English and French	• make simple	masculine or	opinion about a	people's names	described by
e	future tenses	statements in the	feminine form for	named animal or		combining smaller
	• ask how to spell a	third person	'some'	object		number words
Ŝ	word in French	• match		• respond		• use numbers in a
ear	• name the accents	emotion/health		appropriately to the		sentence correctly
Υe	on French alphabet	words with their		meaning of songs/		<ul> <li>identify auxiliary</li> </ul>
-	letters	pictures		rhymes		verb and past
		name facial		<ul> <li>suggest other rhyming words to</li> </ul>		<ul><li>participle verb</li><li>apply prior</li></ul>
	Ambitious	features • extend a		extend a set		knowledge to say
	Knowledge: • use the terms	description using a		differentiate		when and where
	auxiliary and	conjunction and		between first and		they were born
	infinitive verb	further adjectives		third person		<ul> <li>say when</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>spell out words</li> </ul>	• make		possessive adjectives		significant people in
	using the correct	noun/adjective		and verbs		French history were
	letter names,	combinations		• describe their home		born and died
	including accents	'agree' according		by size and say where		
	explain how	to gender and		items can be found		Ambitious
	adjectives are	number, in		• give a variety of		Knowledge:
	different depending	pronunciation		opinions		• identify numbers in
						a written sentence

on the gender of	ask and answer	join two clauses	give the year that
the noun	questions about	with 'et' or 'mais'	some key historical
	everyday actions in	appropriately	events happened in
	the classroom		France
	<ul> <li>make questions</li> </ul>	Ambitious	<ul> <li>construct a past</li> </ul>
	and answers in the	Knowledge:	tense sentence with
	third person	<ul> <li>suggest alternative</li> </ul>	the passé compose
	<ul> <li>say how they are</li> </ul>	sentences/song	<ul> <li>change the past</li> </ul>
	feeling	phrases by	participle of the
		substituting new	main verb to agree
	Ambitious	vocabulary	with number and
	Knowledge:	<ul> <li>make increasingly</li> </ul>	gender of the
	<ul> <li>explain why</li> </ul>	complex descriptive	subject
	adjectives change	links between family	
	in French but not in	members	
	English	<ul> <li>differentiate</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>spell adjectives</li> </ul>	between first and	
	correctly according	third person	
	to gender/ number	possessive adjectives	
	<ul> <li>vary sentences by</li> </ul>	and verbs and use	
	substituting other	them appropriately	
	verbs, nouns or	<ul> <li>discuss similarities</li> </ul>	
	adjectives	and differences	
	<ul> <li>identify whether a</li> </ul>	between	
	sentence is in first,	French/English terms	
	second or third	for the same idea	
	person	<ul> <li>extend sentences</li> </ul>	
		and support opinions	
		by using conjunctions	

	Year 5 Skills	
<b>Dracy</b> Prepare and practise a simple conversation re-using familiar vocabulary and structures in new contexts Demonstrate their prior knowledge from previous units Listen attentively to more complex phrases and sentences Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic Respond appropriately when asked a simple question Join in traditional songs and rhymes Construct a simple sentence about a variety of topics	Year 5 SkillsLiteracy• Re-read frequently a variety of short texts• Make simple sentences and short texts• Write words, phrases and short sentences, using a reference source• Follow a simple story and recognise key vocabulary• Substitute vocabulary to change a sentence• Write an answer in a sentence using a modelled sentence• Write words and phrases from memory• Demonstrate their understanding of a sentence• Use a bilingual dictionary	<ul> <li>Intercultural Understanding</li> <li>Compare symbols, objects or products which represent their own culture with those of another country</li> <li>Look at further aspects of their everyday lives from the perspective of someone from another country</li> <li>Recognise similarities and differences between places</li> </ul>

You (Catch-up Unit) By the end of this unit children will know how to:Ourselves (Catch-up Unit) By the end of this unit children will know how to:Town By the end of this unit children will know how to:By the end of t	
By the end of this unit children will know how to:By the end of this unit children will know how to:By the end of this unit children will know how to:Children will know how to:• use body language o	
<ul> <li>feeling         <ul> <li>recognise the difference between English and French future tenses             <ul></ul></li></ul></li></ul>	know how to:children will know how to:nbers in ch are f ten position mpass• say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock and half past) • understand and use the terms used for a.m. and p.m du matin, de l'après-midi and du soir • tell the time in 24- hour time - o'clock and half past • read and interpret timetables in 24- hour times - o'clock and half past • read and interpret timetables in 24- hour times - o'clock and half past • say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock, half past, quarter past and quarter to) • tell the time in 24-

Year 6 Knowledge

the no	e gender of oun	<ul> <li>ask and answer questions about everyday actions in the classroom</li> <li>make questions and answers in the third person</li> <li>say how they are feeling</li> <li>Ambitious Knowledge: <ul> <li>explain why adjectives change in French but not in English</li> <li>spell adjectives correctly according to gender/ number</li> <li>vary sentences by substituting other verbs, nouns or adjectives</li> <li>identify whether a sentence is in first, second or third person</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Ambitious Knowledge: • vary the noun and verb appropriately for their purpose • compare and order numbers up to 1000 • apply a spelling pattern to make a new word			Ambitious Knowledge: • say and write a sentence to tell the time (o'clock, half past, quarter past, quarter to, 5-minute intervals past and to the hour) • tell the time in 24- hour time - o'clock, half past, quarter past/to, 5-minute intervals • read and interpret timetables in 24- hour times - o'clock, half past, quarter past/to, 5-minute intervals • follow a pattern to conjugate regular verbs
--------	--------------------	--	--	--	--	---

Year 6 Skills					
Oracy	Literacy	Intercultural Understanding			
<ul> <li>Demonstrate their prior knowledge from previous units</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Follow a simple story and recognise key vocabulary</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Compare attitudes towards aspects of everyday life</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Respond appropriately when asked a simple question using appropriate topic vocabulary</li> <li>Prepare a short presentation on a familiar topic</li> <li>Make a longer personal presentation by combining a range of topic knowledge</li> <li>Perform to an audience</li> <li>Use spoken language confidently to initiate and sustain conversations and to tell stories</li> <li>Listen to and join in a song</li> <li>Recognise key words and phrases and respond</li> <li>Listen for familiar vocabulary and respond to this when required</li> </ul>	Substitute vocabulary to change a sentence	<ul> <li>everyday life</li> <li>Recognise some of the differences between people</li> <li>Present information about an aspect of culture</li> </ul>			